## (APNIC ISIF Project Update)

# Developing a Collaborative BGP Routing, Analyzing and Diagnosing Platform

APAN 54 25 August 2022





# Agenda

- Project Summary
- Project Progress
  - Project web site implementation
  - BGP sharing platform
  - Looking Glass platform
  - Analyzing and Diagnosing Platform
  - Research Topic
- Some concerns
- Comments/Suggestions





## **Project Information**

• Name: Developing a Collaborative BGP Routing Analyzing and Diagnosing Platform

• Date: Feb.24, 2022 – Aug.23, 2023 (18 months)

Co-PI: Jilong Wang (CERNET, CN)

**Chalermpol Charnsripinyo (ThaiREN, TH)** 

Simon Green (SingAREN, SG)

- Funding:
  - USD150,000 (APNIC Foundation)
  - USD69,660 (in-kind contribution from Tsinghua Univ., China)
- Objectives
  - Build a collaborative community for enhancing the capacity of NRENs' network operation and measurement
  - Establish a distributed BGP routing monitoring platform and a looking glass platform in the Asia-Pacific region
  - Deploy a BGP hijacking detection and mitigation system and analyze the robustness of routing in the Asia-Pacific region
  - Share knowledge and experience globally





# **Partnership**

- 19 Partner Organizations (listed alphabetically)
  - AARNET(AU)
  - APAN-JP(JP)
  - BdREN(BD)
  - CERNET(CN)
  - PREGINET(PH)
  - ERNET(IN)
  - Gottingen University(DE)
  - HARNET(JUCC, HK)
  - ITB(ID)
  - KREONET(KR)

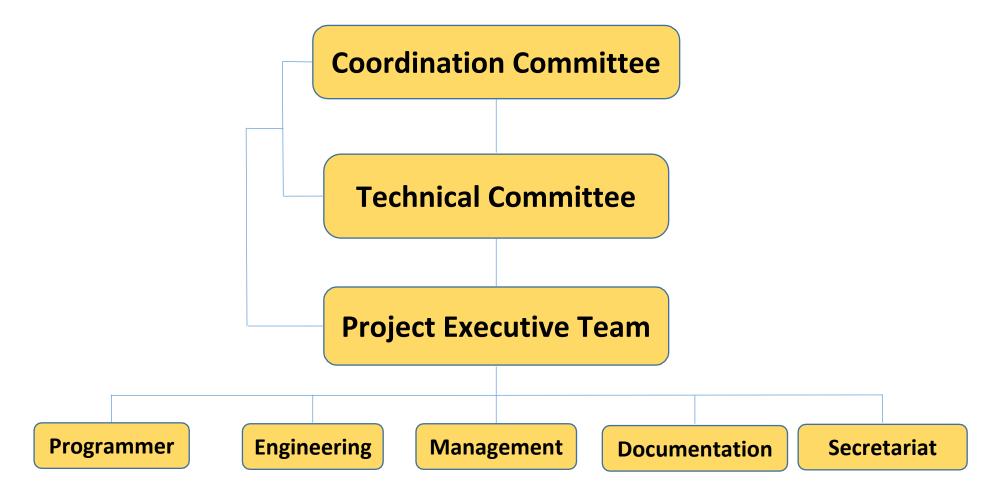
- LEARN(LK)
- MYREN(MY)
- NREN(NP)
- PERN(PK)
- REANNZ(NZ)
- SingAREN(SG)
- Surrey University(UK)
- ThaiREN(TH)
- TransPAC(US, APAN/GNA-G Routing WG)

Keep open till June, 2023





#### **Project Governance**







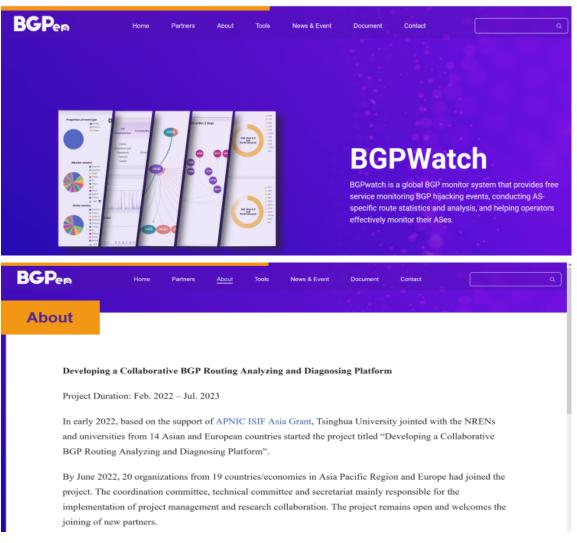
	Detailed Technical Committee Work Plan	<b>Tentative Timeline</b>
Timeline	Discussion regarding Timeline	May
Project Web Site	Requirements/Design	May
	Partner information	May
	Setting up project website	May
BGP Routing Information Sharing	Requirements/Design (email, Slack)	May-June
	Document info (how to implement, what partners need to do)	May-June
	Implement the peering (meeting, email, Slack)	May-ongoing
Looking Glass Platform	Requirements/Design(email, slack)	August
	Document info (how to implement, what partners need to do)	
	Implement the connection with LG platform (meeting, email, slack)	
Hijack Detection and Mitigation	Problem and requirement sharing (meeting, email, Slack)	June
	Confirm first stage functions	July
	Iterative feedback & development	July 2022 – July 2023
Research	Discussion on research topic, paper, technical documents	July 2022 – July 2023
Knowledge Sharing	Any topic partners interested in , e.g. problems, RPKI, BGPSEC, MANRS	regularly

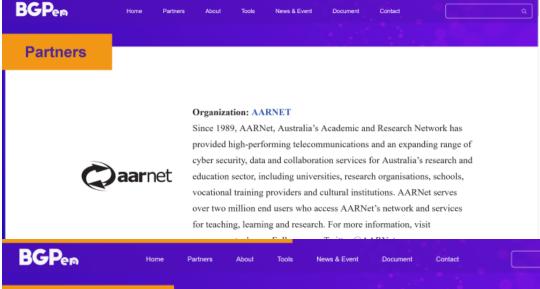




# **ProjectWeb Site**

#### https://bgper.ne





#### **News & Event**



#### The First Collaborative and Technical Meeting of "Collaborative BGP Routing Analyzing and Diagnosing Platform" Project

News On May 10, 2022, the First Collaborative and Technical Meeting of the "Collaborative BGP Routing Analyzing and Diagnosing Platform"...

Read More →



"Collaborative BGP Routing Analyzing and Diagnosing Platform" Project Kick-off Meeting

News Collaborative BGP Routing Analyzing and Diagnosing Platform" Project Kick-off MeetingOn February 24, 2022, Tsinghua University hosted the "Collaborative BGP Routing...

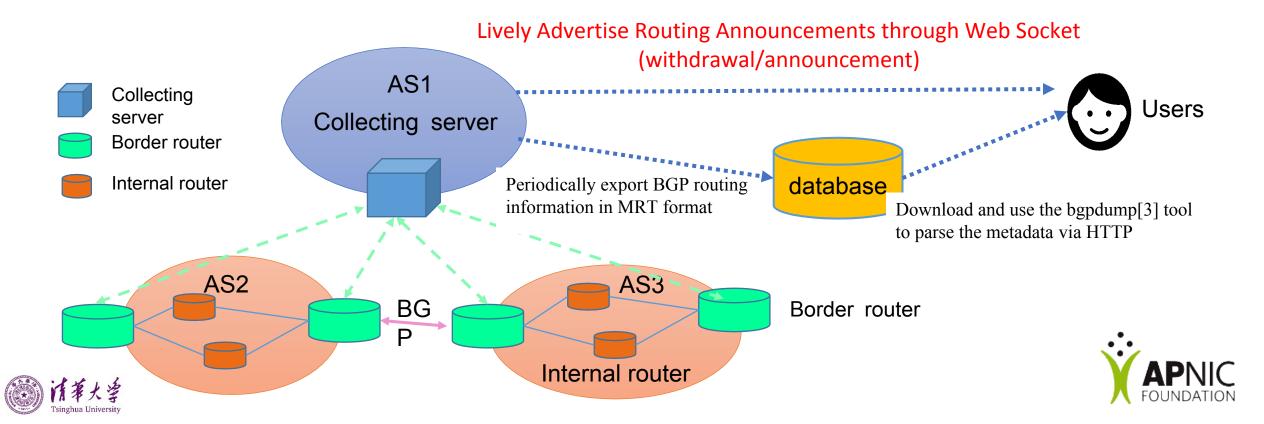
Read More →





# **CGTF-RIS:** Route Information Sharing

- Collecting server: Use routing FRR[2] to simulate a real BGP router
- Border routers: Connect with the collecting server by BGP peering
- Feature: Lively Advertise Routing Announcements



# **BGP Route Information Sharing**

We have established BGP session with 11 partners.

Data can be accessed at <a href="https://bgp.cgtf.net">https://bgp.cgtf.net</a>

Configuration manual can be accessed at

https://www.bgper.net/index.php/document/

**AS 7660(APAN-JP)** 

**AS 63961(BDREN)** 

**AS 4538(CERNET)** 

**AS 3662(HARNET)** 

**AS 4796(ITB)** 

**AS 17579(KREONET)** 

**AS 38229(LEARN)** 

**AS 24514(MYREN)** 

**AS 38022(REANNZ)** 

AS 23855(SINGAREN)

AS 3836(ThaiSARN)

#### Index of /ribs/2022/07

Name

Name	Last modified	Size Description
rib.20220730.0600.mrt.bz2	2022-07-30 06:00	13M
rib.20220730.0800.mrt.bz2	2022-07-30 08:00	13M
rib.20220730.1000.mrt.bz2	2022-07-30 10:00	13M
rib.20220730.1200.mrt.bz2	2022-07-30 12:00	13M
rib.20220730.1400.mrt.bz2	2022-07-30 14:00	13M
rib.20220730.1600.mrt.bz2	2022-07-30 16:00	13M
rib.20220730.1800.mrt.bz2	2022-07-30 18:00	13M
rib.20220730.2000.mrt.bz2	2022-07-30 20:00	13M
rib.20220730.2200.mrt.bz2	2022-07-30 22:00	13M
rib.20220731.0000.mrt.bz2	2022-07-31 00:00	13M
rib.20220731.0200.mrt.bz2	2022-07-31 02:00	13M
rib.20220731.0400.mrt.bz2	2022-07-31 04:00	13M
rib.20220731.0600.mrt.bz2	2022-07-31 06:00	13M
rib.20220731.0800.mrt.bz2	2022-07-31 08:00	13M
rib.20220731.1000.mrt.bz2	2022-07-31 10:00	13M

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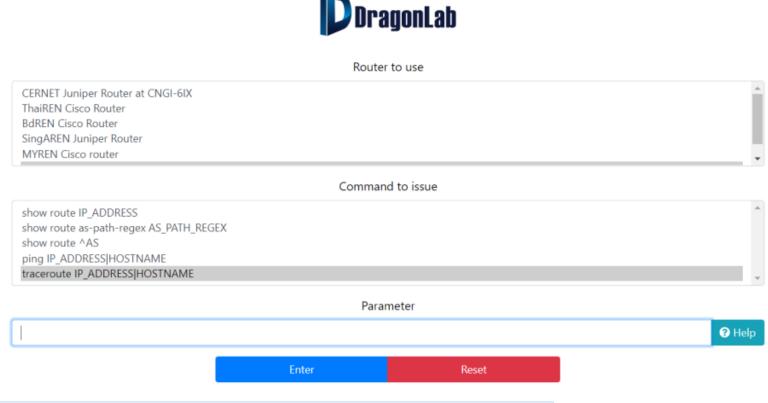


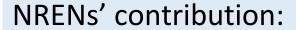


# **CGTF Looking Glass**

#### **CGTF Looking Glass**

- https://lg.cgtf.net
- Open Source:
  - https://github.com/gmazoyer/ looking-glass
- 6 NRENs joined
- 5 commands
- Query speed limit for security
- More partners are welcome







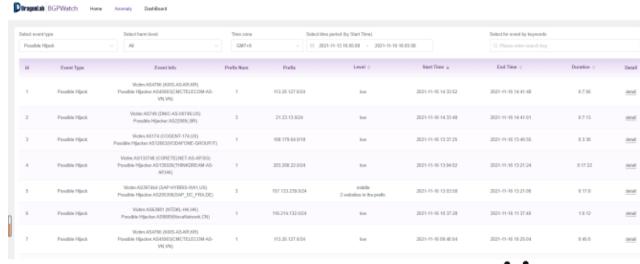
CERNET, ThaiREN, BdREN, SingAREN, MYREN, LEARN



# BGP Routing Monitoring and Analysis --BGP Watch

- <a href="https://bgpwatch.cgtf.net">https://bgpwatch.cgtf.net</a>
- Knowledge-based real-time BGP hljacking Detection System
- Public BGP event reporting servcie
- Based on MOAS(subMOAS)
- Exclude legal MOAS by using domain knowledge and rules (ROA, IRR, AS relationship etc)

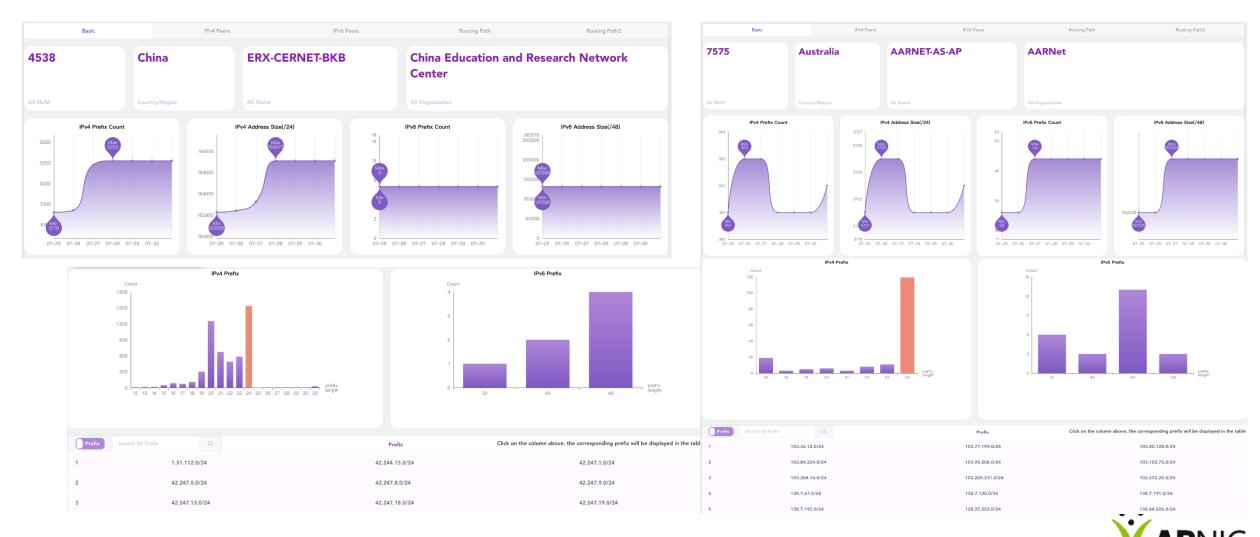






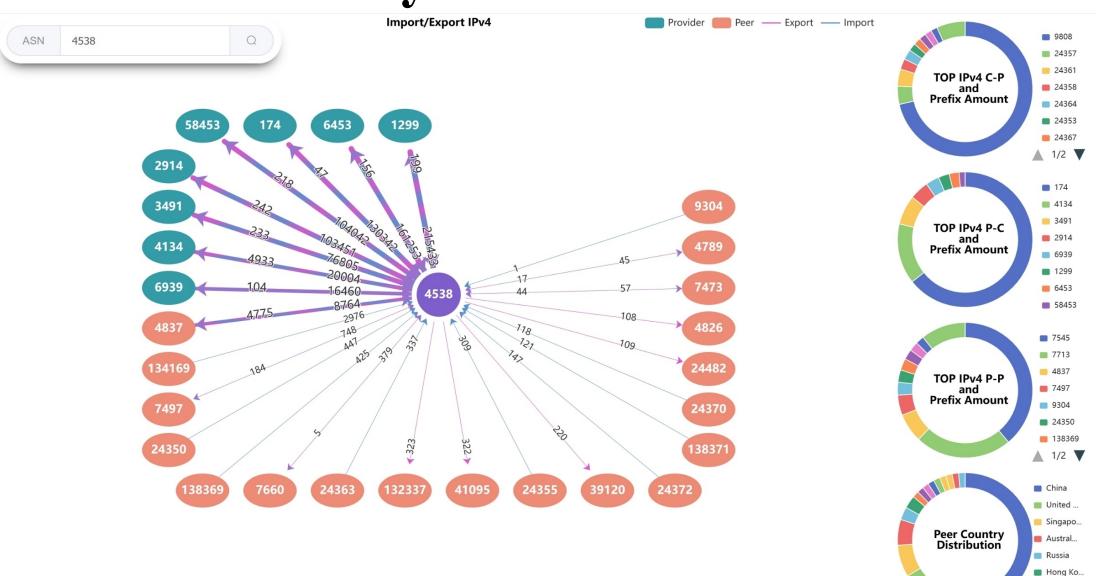


## Dashboard -- Basic Info



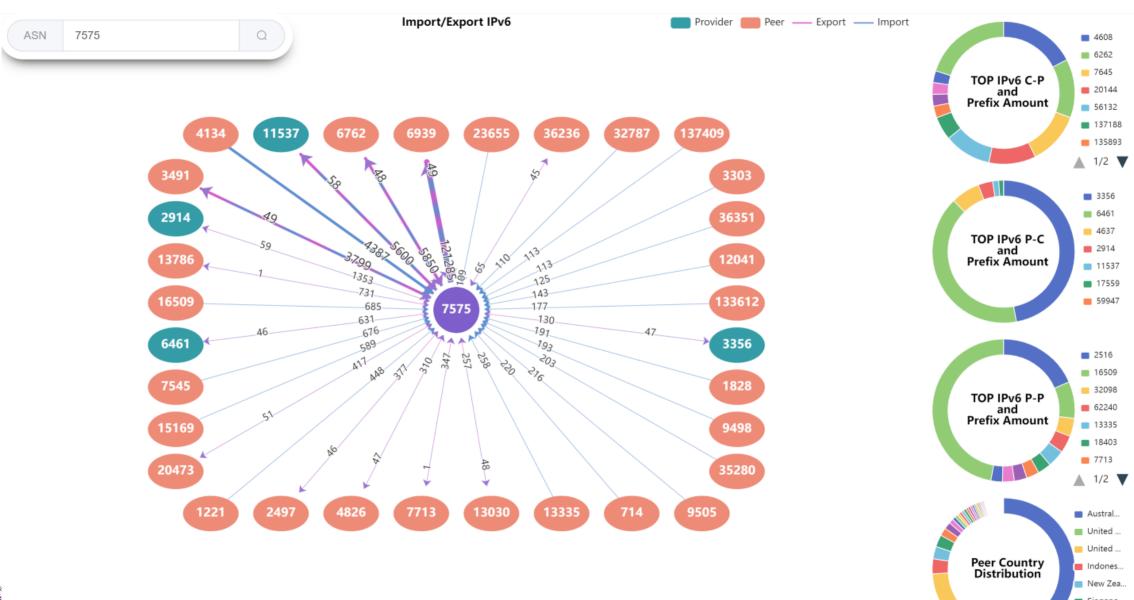


# **IPv4 Key Peers Information**





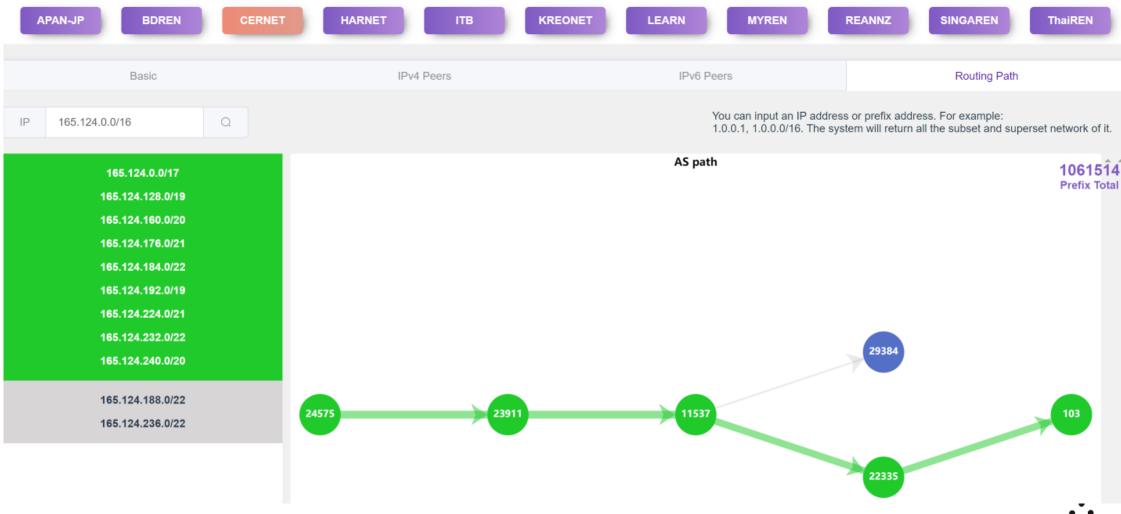
## **IPv6 Peers Information**



▲ 1/12 **▼** 



# **Routing Path Search**

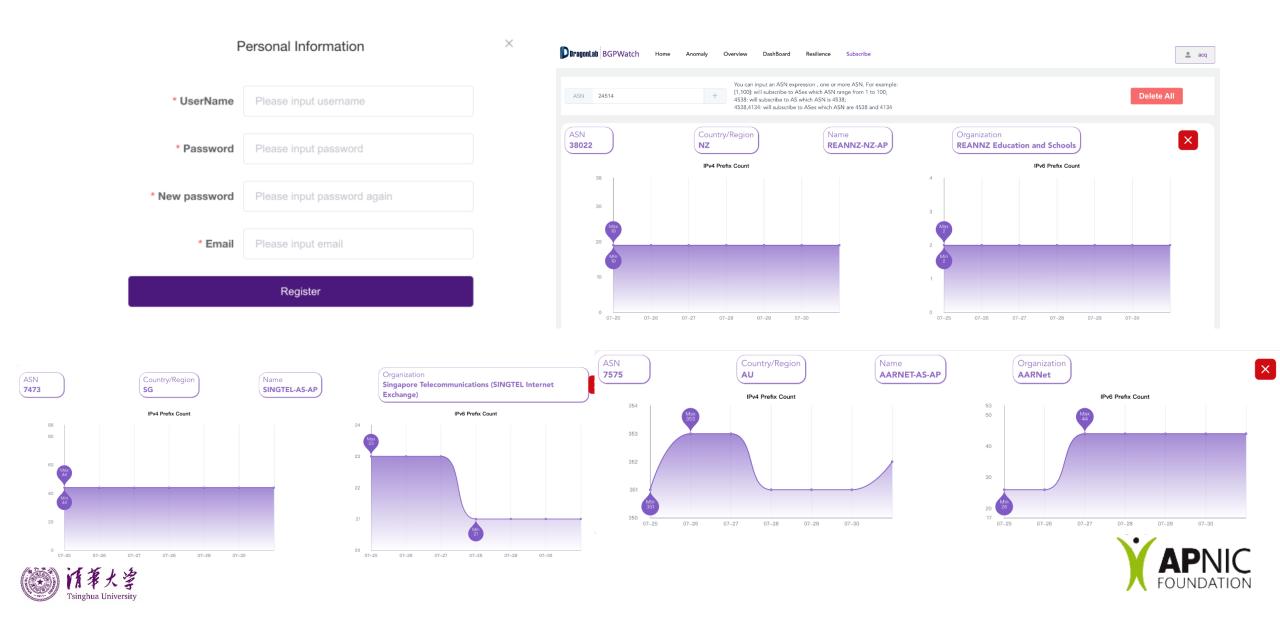




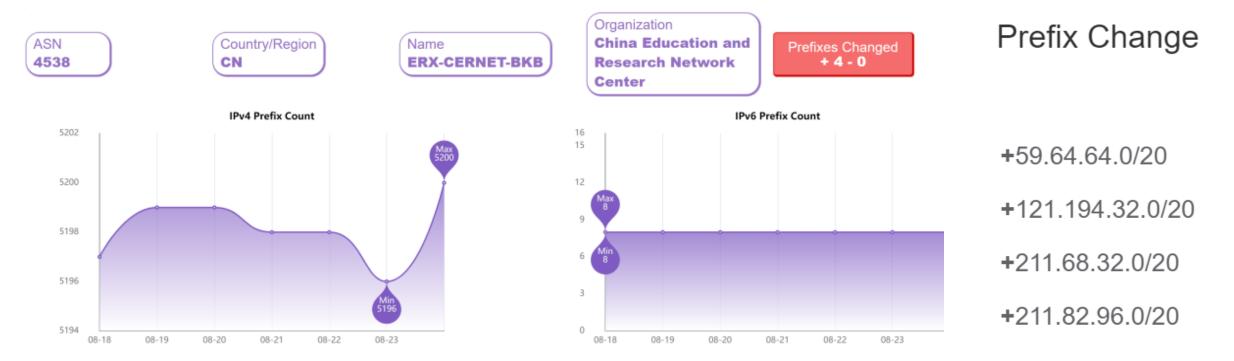
Return paths of all sub networks and super networks of the input prefix. Group Prefixes with the same routing path .



# Register and Subscribe AS



### Send Alarm Email to Subscriber



Announced prefixes changes between 2022-08-24 00:00:00 (GMT) and 2022-08-23 00:00:00 (GMT)

- # ASN 7575 #
- + 203.6.255.0/24
- # ASN 4538 #
- + 59.64.64.0/20
- + 121.194.32.0/20
- + 211.68.32.0/20
- + 211.82.96.0/20





# Research Topic

- New routing information brought by our CGTF routing Information sharing platform
- Are peering relationships among NREN fully utilized?
- How about the resilience of the region's network?





# Research Topic

#### Evaluating and Improving Regional Network Robustness from AS TOPO Perspective

1st Given Name Surname
dept. name of organization (of Aff.)
name of organization (of Aff.)
City, Country
email address or ORCID

4th Given Name Surname dept. name of organization (of Aff.) name of organization (of Aff.) City, Country email address or ORCID 2nd Given Name Surname dept. name of organization (of Aff.) name of organization (of Aff.) City, Country email address or ORCID

5th Given Name Surname dept. name of organization (of Aff.) name of organization (of Aff.) City, Country email address or ORCID 3rd Given Name Surname dept. name of organization (of Aff.) name of organization (of Aff.) City, Country email address or ORCID

6<sup>th</sup> Given Name Surname dept. name of organization (of Aff.) name of organization (of Aff.) City, Country email address or ORCID

Abstract-Currently, national and regional networks are subject to various security attacks and threats, including various types of malicious behaviors and specific natural disasters. This paper borrows the quantitative ranking idea from the fields of economy and society and proposes a ranking method for evaluating regional resilience. A large-scale simulation was made and the sampling data were acquired from each AS and region. A significance tester that measures the impact of events from the overall level and variance aspect was also implemented. To improve a region's robustness, this paper proposes a greedy algorithm to optimize the resilience of regions by increasing key links among AS. This paper selects the AS topology of 50 countries/regions for research and ranking, evaluating the topology robustness from connectivity, user, and domain perspective, clustering the results, and searching for optimal links to improve the network resilience. Experimental results have shown that the resilience of regional networks can be greatly improved by slightly increasing the number of connections, which demonstrates the effectiveness of the optimization method.

Index Terms—Autonomous System (AS), network resilience, network security

Is there any difference in the resilience of each region, and if so, how big is the difference; what is the key weak topology that causes such a gap; how should the region optimize the topology to improve its own resilience? We conducted comprehensive assessment of the resilience of regional network to solve the above problems and made three major contributions.

Assess resilience in each region: To address these problems, we proposed a statistical method to evaluate the resilience of a region under attack. We simulated a damage event according to the probability of the event to approximate the damage caused by the simulated event in the real situation. For a comparative analysis of regional resilience, we implemented a significance tester using the Kruskal-Wallis test [21] method to make a comparison among regions and measure the impact of regional attack events from the overall level and variance aspect, respectively. To get the ranking and clustering results of fifty regions, we clustered the regional resilience at the overall level and variance aspect.

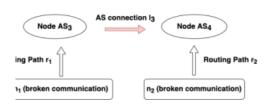
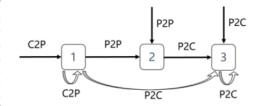


Fig. 2. The AS relationship and link optimization

: c2p[n], : c2p[0/n] & p2p[0/1] & p2c[0/n].

i>1. r[n] means there are n consecutive connections r relationship in the routing path, r[0/n] means there or n consecutive connections with the r relationship in ting path, r[0/1] means there exists 0 or 1 connection r relationship in the routing path, and the symbol r state r relationship in the routing path, and the symbol r state r relationship in the routing path, and r relationship in the routing path, and r relationship in the routing path, and r relationship in the routing path.

idering the valley-free principle, the following form ing path relationship will not occur: p2c[1/n] & l/n] & c2p[1/n], where n>1. Fig. 3 shows the unsition diagram.





(a) calculating the node pairs that can't communicate



(b) greedy search

Fig. 4. Searching the optimal link

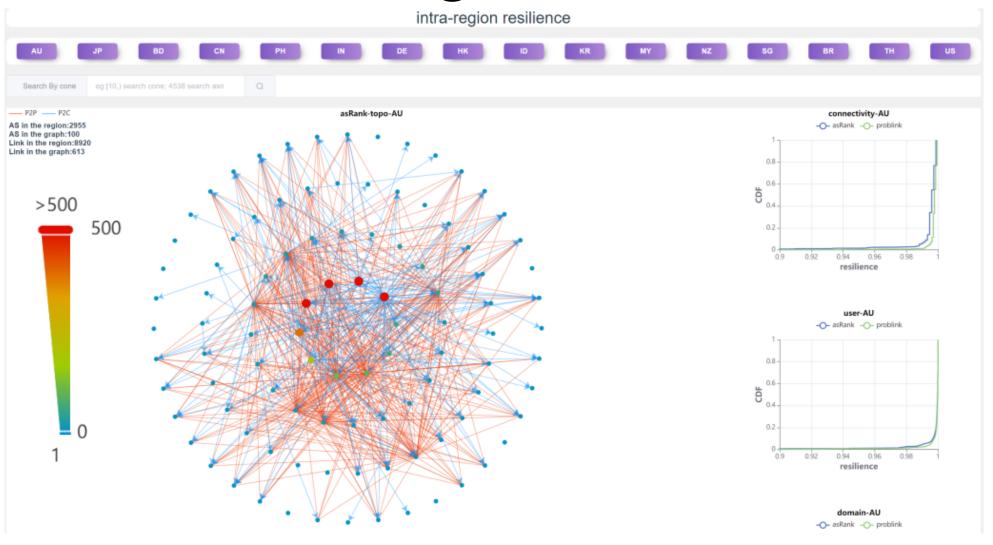
Based on the routing tree of each node, we compare the nodes on the routing tree before and after the weak group is destroyed, and obtain the node pairs that cannot communicate after the weak group is destroyed, as shown in Fig. 4(a). The weak group  $AS_W$  may consist of multiple AS nodes and links. When nodes and links in  $AS_W$  are destroyed,  $AS_i$  and  $AS_j$  can't communicate, neither can  $AS_k$  and  $AS_l$ .

We store pairs of nodes that cannot communicate according to certain rules. When the nodes are AS, the records are sorted according to the number of their customers, and the AS nodes with a higher number of customers are recorded on the left; when the nodes are region, the records are sorted according to the number of ASes in the region, and the regions with a





# Intra-region resilience







#### **Some Concerns**

- Where the data is stored?
  - BGP sharing platform: Cloud server in Singapore
  - BGPWatch: Cloud server in Hongkong
  - Looking Glass: Cloud server in Hongkong
- Will peering harm my network?
  - We use open software routing FRR[2] to simulate a real BGP router and it won't send routing anouncement.
- Will sharing routing information harm my network?
  - Routeviews and RIPE RIS are two most famous RIS sharing platform.
- Our policy doesn't permit ssh/telnet access from other network
  - Such as SingAREN, they use a VM to simulate a router, and peer with their ...
     real router. Then our looking glass access to the VM.

#### **Future Work**

- Improve the prefix hijacking detection algorithm
- Develop the path hijacking detection function
- Support user registration and send alarm message to the victim
- Continue on the research topic





# **Project Secretariat and Contact**

## You are welcome to join us! Please contact us at:

- Web Site
  - https://bgper.net
- International Coordination
  - Ms.Weiqi Zhao zhao-wq@tsinghua.edu.cn
- Technical Contact:
  - Ms.Linmei Zu zulinmei@tsinghua.edu.cn





